

Lyticase-assisted Yeast Estrogen Screen (L-YES) with Saccharomyces cerevisiae

Bioassay with genetically engineered yeast cells for detecting estrogenic effects of natural and synthetic substances

Storage of yeast cells in glycerol

max. 3 months at -20°C,

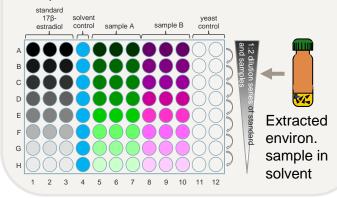
Test principle

long-term, max. 12 months at -80°C



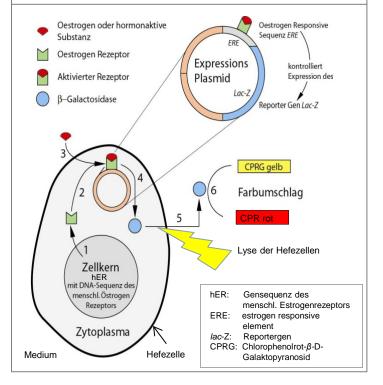
Filling of the microtiter plate

- pipet samples and controls on plate
- evaporate solvent, dissolve in water



If estrogenic substance is present

- > expression of the human estrogen receptor
- activation of the reporter gen
- > Formation of the enzyme ß-galactosidase
- lysis of yeast cells after 18h incubation
- detection through colour change



Growth culture

growth medium
+ yeast glycerol stock



Culture for inoculation of microtiter plate

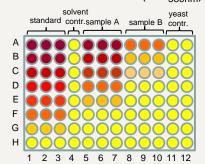
 adjust growth culture to specific density with exposure medium

Pipet yeasts on microtiter plate

- pipet yeasts on microtiter plate
- incubate 18h

Lysis of cells and measurement of absorption

- measure cell density (OD_{600nm})
- add lyticase buffer and CPRG
- incubate 1h
- measure induction of colour (OD_{580nm})



Calculate estradiol equivalent concentration of environmental samples with the help of standard graph for 17β-estradiol 100 100 100 175-Probe A Probe B

log conc. (REF)

Log conc. 17β-Estradiol (M)